

What's up, DOC? Contemporary practice, Themes and Issues in Designing Out Crime

Paul Ekblom

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Design Against Crime Research Centre







The Grippa research programme, mainly funded by AHRC, is a collaboration between the Design Against Crime Research Centre, Central Saint Martins College of Art & Design, University of the Arts London, and the UCL Jill Dando Institute of Security and Crime Science. Papers and other materials from the programme are at www.grippaclip.com and wider practical and research material on preventing bag theft at www.urinthebag.org.uk

What is Design Against Crime?

DAC uses the tools, processes & products of design to work in partnership with agencies, companies, individuals and communities to

- prevent all kinds of crime including antisocial behaviour, drug abuse/ dealing and terrorism
- promote quality of life & sustainable living through enhanced community safety

through designs that are 'fit for purpose' and contextually appropriate in all other respects

Scope of Design Against Crime

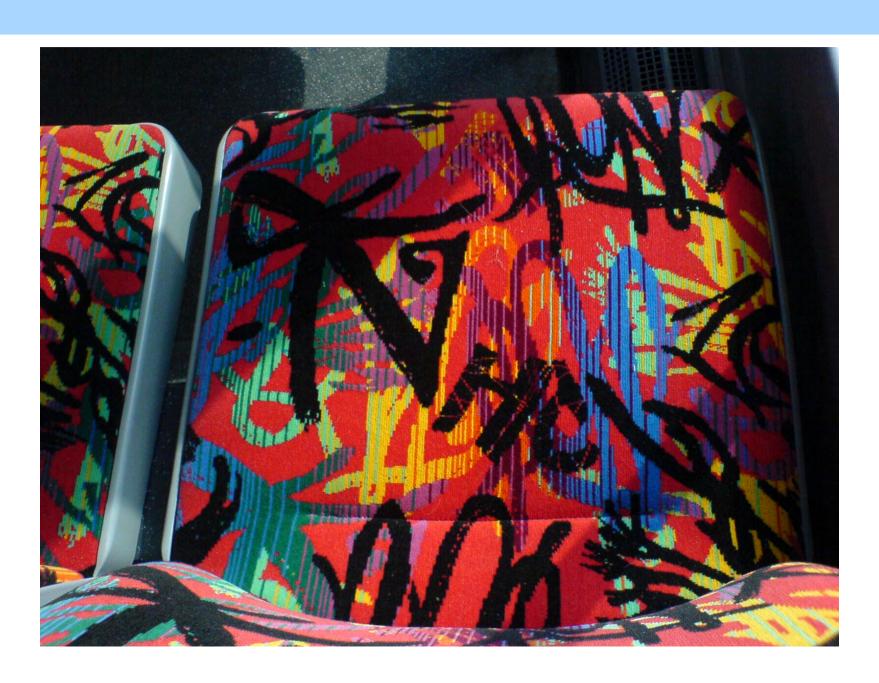
- Secure products
- Security products
- Security communication
- Secure clothing
- Secure places/ environments

Design is about *processes*, not just products!

Inherently secure product



Secure – or surrender?



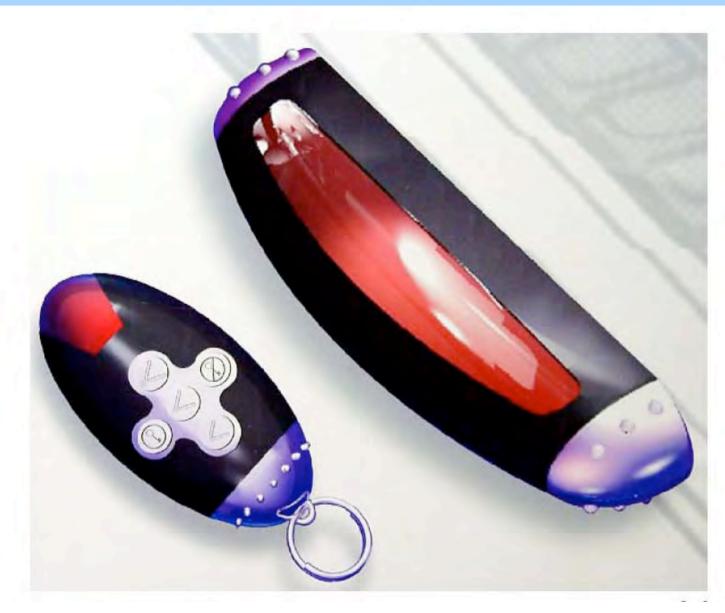
Security Product/ Security Communication







Security Product – Hi-tech solution



Security product – lo-tech solution





Security Product – Wearable Solutions



Securing products

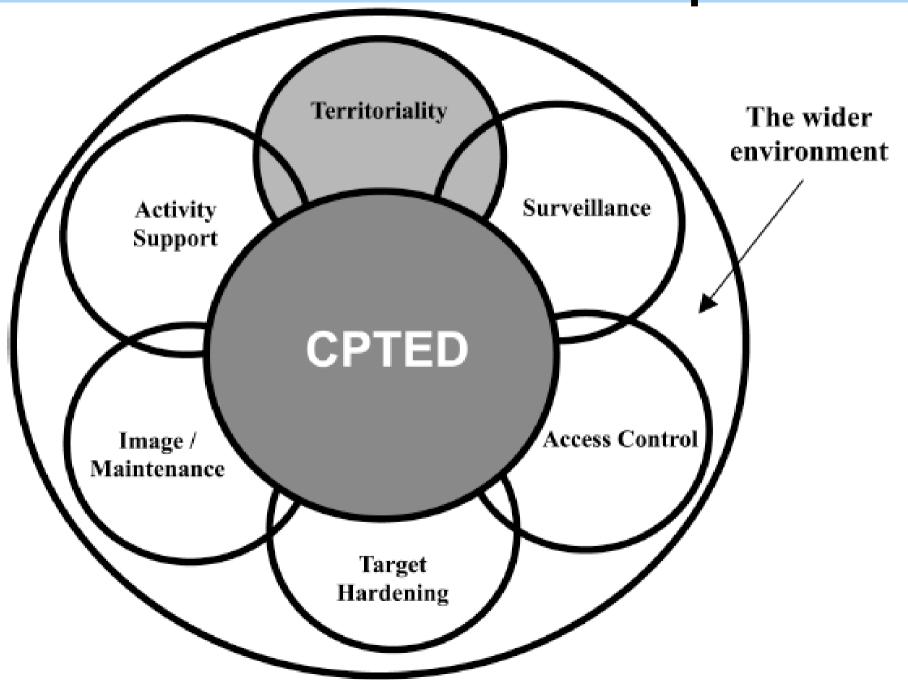


Security communication – based on research, and evaluated



Secure places – Crime Prevention Through Environmental Design (CPTED)

CPTED – Basic Principles



CPTED & Planning – Intervening upstream, downstream?

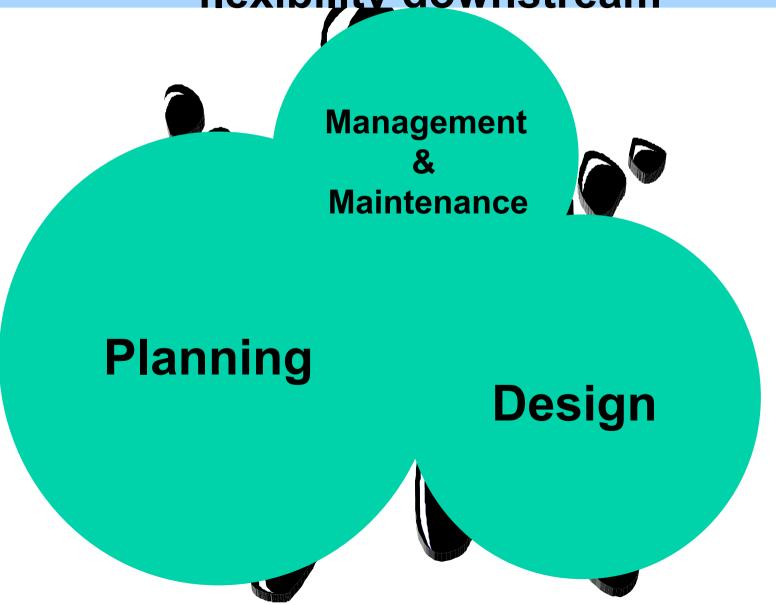


MAJOR RAPID

Management & maintenance

Strategic imbalance Police and **Management & Maintenance Criminal Justice Planning**





CPTED Limitations – Rigidity

- CPTED can be used rigidly or flexibly, but practitioners with elementary training risk the first, which can be costly or likely to discredit the approach
 - Failure to fit context airport car park condemned for lights being too low.
 Cookbook copying won't work anyway
 - -Failure to adapt to users
 - Adaptable criminals

False security from rigid prescription + adaptable criminals? 'Helpful' entrance porch



Beware cookbook copying – Importance of context for replication

ELECTRONICALLY SECURED CYCLE PARKING

GHENT, BELGIUM

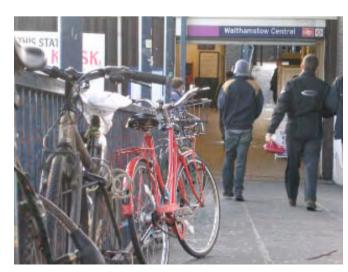




WALTHAMSTOW CENTRAL STATION, LONDON







Crime is not the only issue

Troublesome Tradeoffs

Can we design secure places & products in-context without jeopardising their main purpose and:

- Convenience
- Aesthetics/ fear fortress society
- Legal and ethical norms privacy and freedom – CCTV?

Social inclusion

 Sustainable environment



Secure products need not be ugly



DAC doesn't have to be expensive



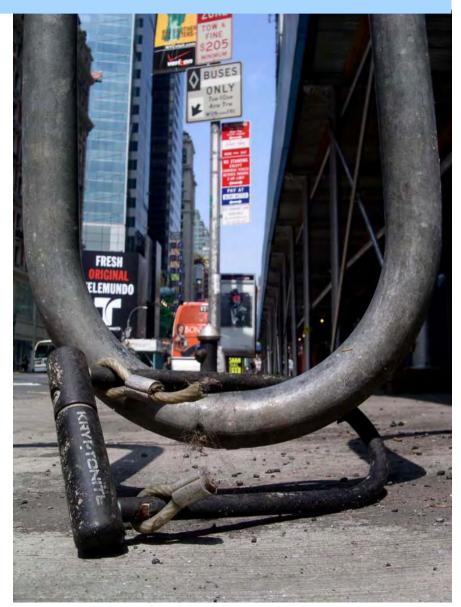
Design doesn't have to look criminal



When is design not design?

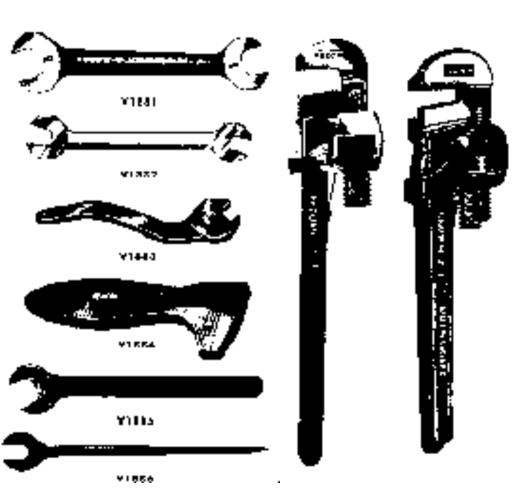
When is design not design? 1. The technofix

- Shallow, single, exposed line of defence
- Bolt on, drop off



When is design not design? 2. Heavy engineering

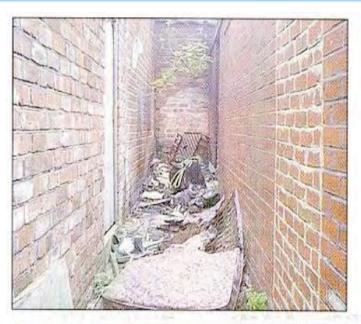
- Does the basic job well enough, but...
 - Clunky, not userfriendly
 - Ugly, maybe fearinspiring

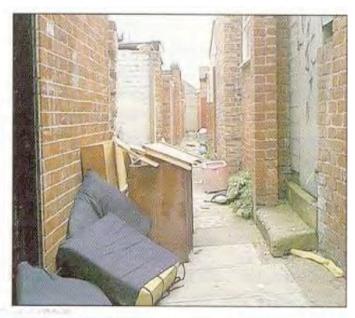






'Engineering' solutions

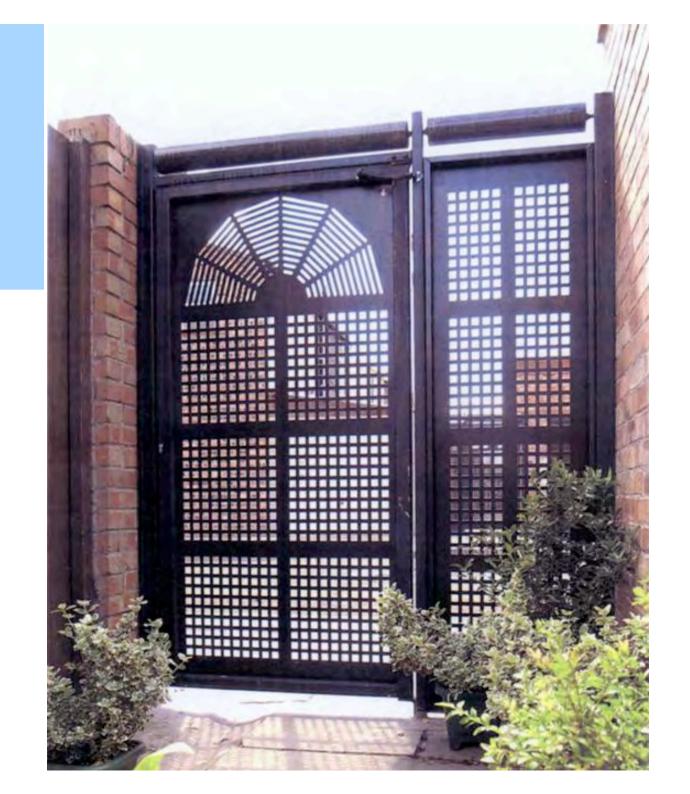




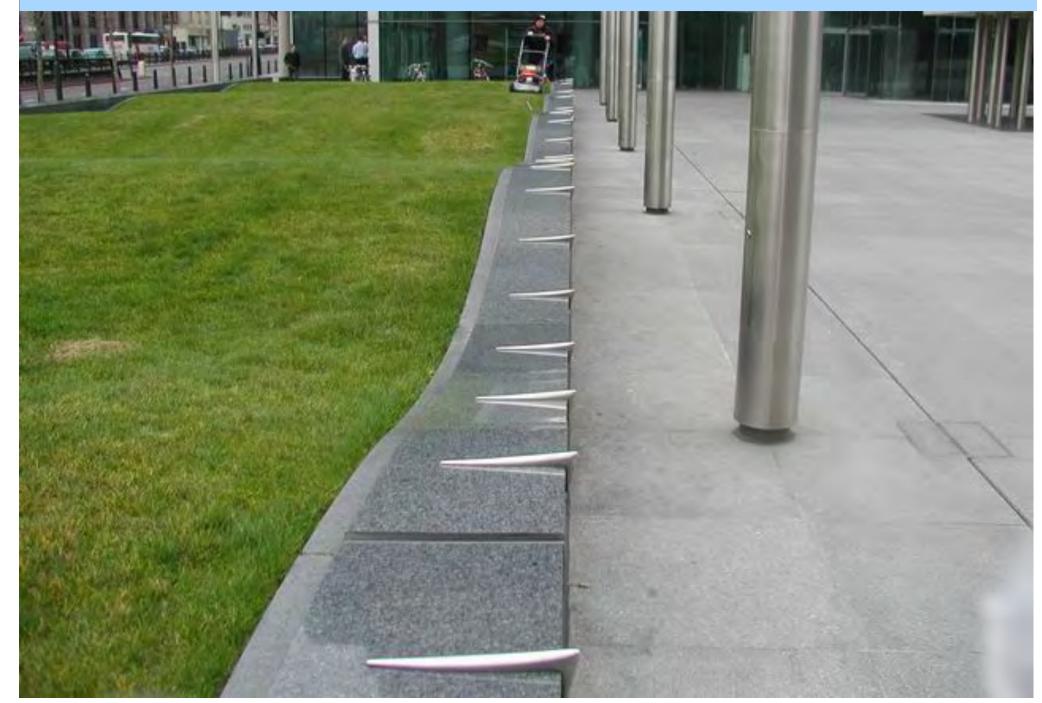




More aesthetic solution



More aesthetic solution



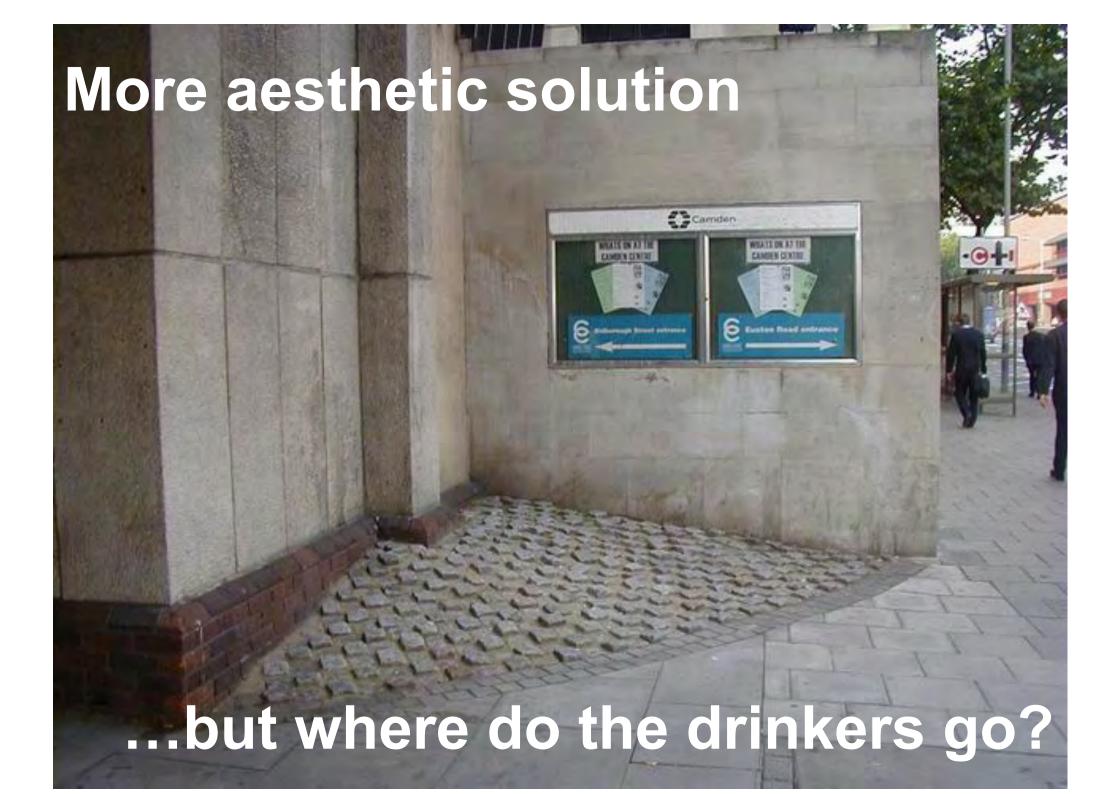
More aesthetic solution

- Traditional style
- With backup



Inclusion





Facilities for Youth – seemingly obvious But...Inclusion? NIMBY? Effective?



Facilities for Youth – inclusive (unless you don't like football)



Solving a problem or indiscriminate exclusion?



"Screaming kids frequently cause 'discomfort' to my ears.

If it gets rid of the little brats, I am all for it."

Bill, Southampton

Clash of principles confusion of research

Security versus New Urbanism

- New Urbanism walkable, permeable layout
- Police say:
 - New Urbanism will increase crime
 - Surveillance is not a substitute for defensible space
- Examples
 - Car parking New Urbanism wants *less* cars out of view, conflict among residents on parking space
 - Cul-de-sacs are they safer than open streets?
- Conflicting values
 - Principles of enclosure/ defensible space & permeability
 - Serve values of security, and access & movement
- Conflicting research results

The Great British Cul-deSac Controversy

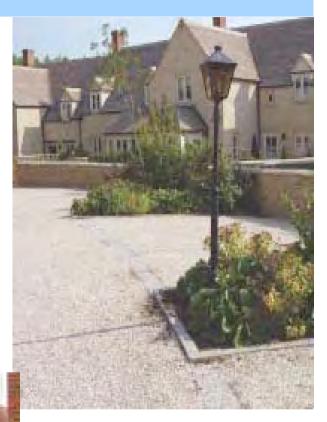


Resolution through subtlety – leaky cul-de-sacs



Resolution of New Urbanism through design – cars off street but under surveillance

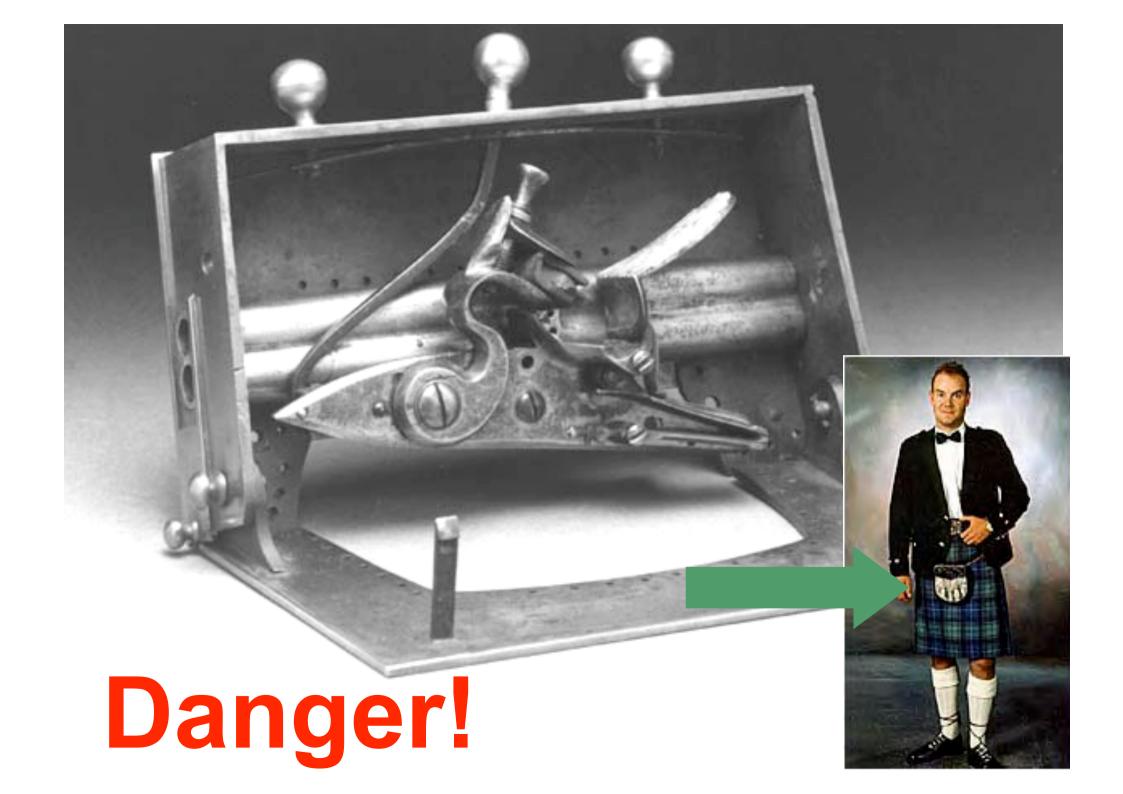




Reassurance or paranoia?

Feel safer?







Magnificent Obsession?

Terrorism

Out of context?



Terrorism – prevention ... and fortification



In-context



Terrorism – unobtrusive mitigation



Mobilising designers

A receptacle for grime?

Getting
Designers &
Planners to
Think Thief



Or a tool for crime?

Failure to 'Think Drug User'



Mobilisation and Research combined – Bikeoff design resource



Does Designing Out Crime work?

Does CPTED work?

- Armitage evaluation of UK Secured By Design housing certification scheme
 - YES around same cost as 1 burglary
- Cozens' 2005 review of CPTED
 - Cautious YES... But
 - Support for the effectiveness of <u>comprehensive</u> CPTED programmes has not been <u>unequivocally</u> demonstrated
 - Uncertain precisely how CPTED and its components work, where it works best and how to evaluate effectiveness beyond reasonable doubt
 - Rigorous testing & evaluation procedure to produce deeper understanding of theoretical basis of CPTED mechanisms

Product design – statistical effectiveness

- Car crime decreased steadily since immobilisers mandatory
- Analogue mobile phones easily cloned digital hard
- 'Slugs' in Underground ticket machines
- New bike stands improve security level of parking behaviour
- Table grips... watch this space!

Product design – self-evident effectiveness





Will it always work? A wasting asset

The challenge of DAC – Obsolescence

- Adaptive offenders' countermoves
- Changing social conditions
- New tools/ skills for crime



Co-design

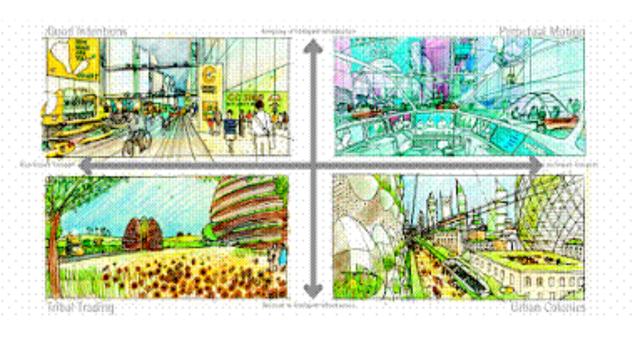
Mobilisation and research – local feedback and consultation



Futures

CPTED - futures

- Changing crime new tools, new targets
- Changing priorities
 - Sustainability
 - Low energy
 - Resilience to climate shift, terrorism



Privacy/freedom v security

CPTED - futures

Changing context on all scales

New land uses

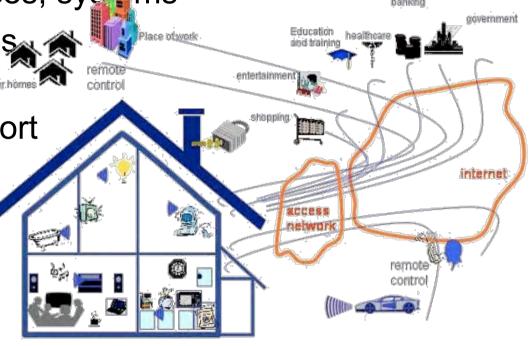
Blur between products, places, systems

Domotics – intelligent homes
 linked to internet

Automobiles v public transport

Intelligent infrastructure for transport

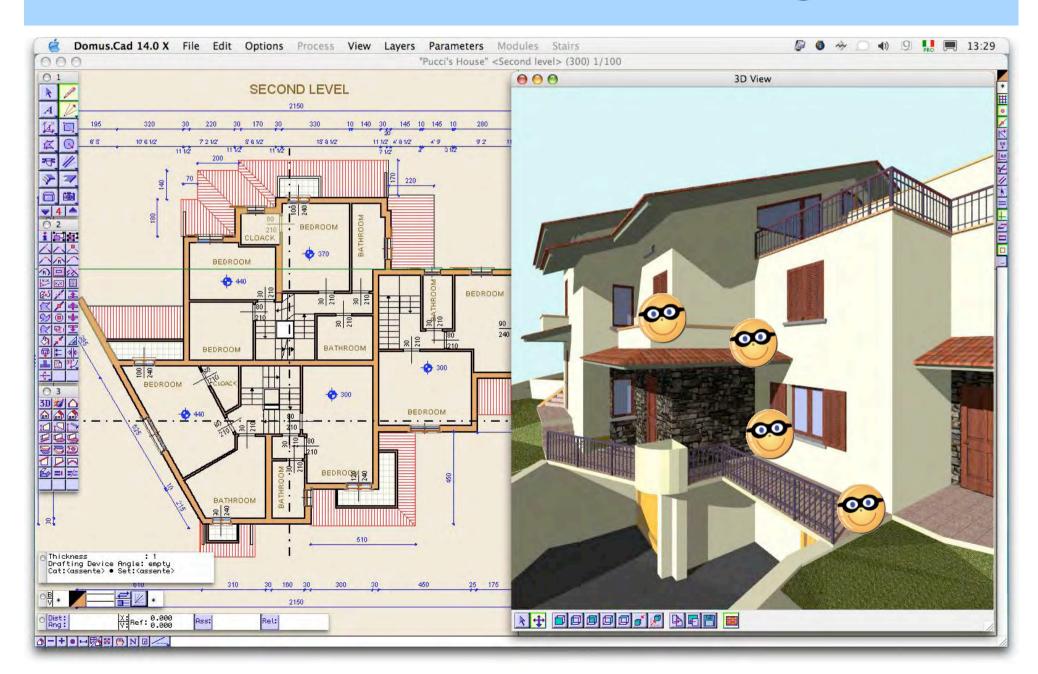
- Wireless/internet +
 cameraphones changing
 nature of 'eyes on street'
- Intelligent CCTV, multimodal alarm systems
- New building materials sensitive, resilient, anti-graffiti?



Technology of design visualisation – Helping designers, clients and users with virtual reality design aids

 CAD Enables designers to visualise designs before implementation

Computer aided design



VR for lighting design

- Enables designers to visualise lighting before implementation
- Provides a means of communicating design ideas to different interest groups – conflict?
- Optimises tradeoff with energy saving







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Design Against Crime Research Centre
Central Saint Martins College of Art & Design
p.ekblom@csm.arts.ac.uk
www.designagainstcrime.com





